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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/603,346	06/25/2003	Andrew Egendorf	7178-222	2602
7590 09/06/2005			EXAMINER	
Clifford Chance US LLP			FELTEN, DANIEL S	
200 Park Avenue New York, NY 10166-0153			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3624	
			DATE MAILED: 09/06/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	J					
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/603,346	EGENDORF, ANDREW				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Daniel S. Felten	3624				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period was pailing to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Fe	ebruary 2005.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 31-110 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 31-110 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the lidrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/2/2005.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:					

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Receipt of the Preliminary Amendment filed February 02, 2005 canceling claims 1-30 and adding claims 31-110 is acknowledged. Claims 31-110 are pending in the application and are presented to be examined upon their merits.

Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on February 02, 2005 is in compliance with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97. Accordingly, the information disclosure statement is being considered by the examiner.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 31-110 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shavit (US 4,799, 156) in view of Rosen (US 5,557,518) and Chen et al (US 5, 590,197)

Re claims 31, 40, 41, 50, 51, 60, 61, 70, 71, 80, 81, 90, 91, 100, 101, 110:

A method of billing for *network* purchase transactions comprising for each purchase transaction the steps by a vendor of products or services of:

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a) establishing a remitting agreement with a third party to allow the third party to bill a transaction amount to a billing account of a customer for a purchase transaction of a product or service purchased over the network by the customer from the vendor, wherein the third party remits at least a portion of the transaction amount to the vendor with respect to the purchase transaction; (see Shavit, "umbrella agreement', col. 12, ll. 54 to col. 13, ll. 9; and col. 13, lines 35-50)

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- b) receiving a request over the network to deliver the product or service to the customer which request is received after the customer has authorized the third party to bill the transaction amount to a billing account of the customer (see col. 6, 1l. 27-57);
- c) delivering the product or service to the customer, wherein the vendor has not previously received from the customer, for purposes of paying for the product or service, either a credit card number of the customer or a bank account number of the customer, (see col. 6, ll. 19-51); and
- d) receiving at least a portion of the transaction amount from the third party in accordance with the remitting agreement, wherein the vendor has not previously received from the customer, for purposes of paying for the product or service, either a credit card number of the customer or a bank account number of the customer, and wherein the vendor has not previously received from the third party, for purposes of paying for the product or service, either a credit card number of the customer or a bank account number of the customer. (see Shavit, col. 5, lines 39-65)

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--wherein the third party is a cable television company, a company offering financial services, an network access provider, or a telephone company, (see Shavit, col. 5, ll. 39-65), as in claim 32, 42, 52, 62, 72, 82, 92 and 102,

--wherein the step of receiving at least a portion of the transaction amount comprises receiving a check or a credit to an account with a bank, a cable television company, a company offering financial services, a credit card company, an network access provider, a telephone company, or the third party, (see Shavit, col. 8, 11. 51-65), as in claim 33, 43, 53, 63, 73, 83, 93 and 103

--wherein the step of receiving at least a portion of the transaction amount is performed before the step of delivering, (see Shavit, column, 8, lines 23-37), as in claim 36, 46, 56, 66, 76, 86, 96 and 106

--wherein the step of receiving at least a portion of the transaction amount is performed before the step of delivering, (see col. 8, lines 23-54), as in claim 37, 47, 57, 67, 77, 87, 97 and 107

--wherein the step of receiving at least a portion of the transaction amount is performed before the step of delivering, , (see col. 8, lines 23-54), as in claims 38, 48, 58, 68, 78, 88, 98 and 108,

--wherein the step of receiving at least a portion of the transaction amount is performed before the step of delivering, (see col. 8, lines 23-54) as in claims 39, 49, 59, 69, 79, 89, 99 and 109,

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Shavits fails to discloses, as in claims 34, 35, 44, 45, 54, 55, 64, 65, 74, 75, 84, 85, 94, 95,104 and 105, wherein the portion of the transaction amount received from the third party is less than the transaction amount. However, it would have been obvious for an artisan of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to recognize that what Shavit calls a "subscriber" would be charged some kind of fee by the system to use the system and make transactions. It would be understood that the amount charged to the system to the subscriber. Thus such a modification would have been an obvious expedient well within the ordinary skill of the art.

--wherein the portion of the transaction amount received from the third party is less than the transaction amount, , (see col. 8, lines 23-54), as in claims

Shavit discloses fails to disclose, as in claims 31, 40, 41, 50, 51, 60, 61, 70, 71, 80, 81, 90, 91, 100, 101, 110, wherein the vendor has not previously received from the third party, either a credit card number of the customer or a bank account number of the customer. Rosen teaches a system with computer peripheral devices wherein the vendor has not previously received from the third party, either a credit card number of the customer or a bank account number of the customer enabling the secure delivery of electronic merchandise via a real-time anonymous payment transaction (see Rosen, col. 3, lines 3-66 to col. 4, line 37). It would have been obvious for an artisan of ordinary skill in the art to have recognized and have been familiar with the notoriously old and well known security issues that face remote electronic transactions over various open networks (e.g., transmission of electronic money or personal account information

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over the Internet). Thus one of ordinary skill in the art would have sought to employ the methods disclosed in Rosen to provide a greater level of security and protection of information for the buyer. Thus such a modification would be considered an obvious expedient within the ordinary skill of the art.

Shavit fails to that the network is the Internet. Chen teaches the use of computer peripheral devices over the Internet as part of a network that is now being widely used in e-commerce (see Chen col. 3, ll. 11 to col. 4, ll. 31). Since Shavit uses a network to make electronic transactions between customers and vendors, it would have been obvious to provide the latest in network technology to allow the customer to participate in a globally used network. Thus such a modification would provide the user with a greater number of choices by which to conduct transactions. Thus such a modification would have been an obvious expedient to one of ordinary skill in the art.

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Conclusion

5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel S. Felten whose telephone number is (571) 272-6742. The examiner can normally be reached on Flex.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Vincent Millin can be reached on (571) 272-6747. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Daniel S Felten Examiner Art Unit 3624

DSF

August 30, 2005

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